Application No.: 10/617,811 Reply dated February 18, 2009

Response to Office Action of December 1, 2008

Please **CANCEL** claims 2 and 5-7 without prejudice or disclaimer.

Please **AMEND** claims 1, 3, 4, and 8 as shown below.

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the

application.

1. (Currently Amended) A lithium secondary battery, comprising:

a positive electrode including a material that is capable of reversible

intercalation/deintercalation of lithium ions as a positive active material;

a negative electrode including a lithium metal, a lithium-containing alloy, a material that

is capable of reversible intercalation/deintercalation of lithium ions as a negative active material

or a material that is capable of reversibly forming a lithium-containing compound;

a separator interposed between the positive and negative electrodes; and

an electrolyte on the separator, wherein the electrolyte includes a non-aqueous organic

solvent, a lithium salt, and a linear polymer having P=O bonds,

wherein the linear polymer having P=O bonds is present in an amount ranging from

about 0.005 to less than 5 wt% based on the total amount of the electrolyte,

wherein the non-aqueous organic solvent comprises a mixed solvent of a carbonate

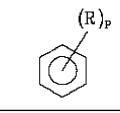
solvent and an aromatic hydrocarbon solvent, and

wherein the aromatic hydrocarbon solvent is at least one selected from the group

consisting of fluorobenzene, fluorotoluene, trifluorotoluene, and a compound of Formula (1):

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where R is a halogen, or a C_1 to C_{10} alkyl, and p is an integer of 1 to 6, where p is 3 to 6 when R is a C_1 alkyl.

2. (Canceled)

- 3. (Currently Amended) The lithium secondary battery according to claim 1, wherein the non-aqueous organic solvent comprises a carbonate <u>is</u> selected from the group consisting of dimethyl carbonate (DMC), diethyl carbonate (DEC), dipropyl carbonate (DPC), methylpropyl carbonate (MPC), ethylpropyl carbonate (EPC), methylethyl carbonate (MEC), ethylene carbonate (EC), propylene carbonate (PC), and butylene carbonate (BC).
- 4. (Currently Amended) The lithium secondary battery according to claim 1, wherein the non-aqueous organic carbonate solvent comprises a mixed solvent of a cyclic carbonate and a linear carbonate.

5-7. (Canceled)

8. (Currently Amended) The lithium secondary battery according to claim 5 1, wherein the carbonate solvent and the aromatic hydrocarbon solvent are mixed in a volume ratio ranging from about 1:1 to about 30:1 carbonate solvent to aromatic hydrocarbon solvent.

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9. (Original) The lithium secondary battery according to claim 1, wherein the lithium salt is at least one selected from the group consisting of LiPF₆, LiBF₄, LiSbF₆, LiAsF₆, LiClO₄, LiCF₃SO₃, Li(CF₃SO₂)₂N, LiC₄F₉SO₃, LiSbF₆, LiAlO₄, LiAlCl₄, LiN(C_xF_{2x+1}SO₂)(C_yF_{2y+1}SO₂) (wherein x and y are natural numbers), LiCl, and Lil.

- 10. (Original) The lithium secondary battery according to claim 9, wherein the lithium salt is used in a concentration ranging from about 0.6 to about 2.0 M.
- 11. (Previously Presented) The lithium secondary battery according to claim 1, wherein the linear polymer having P=O bonds is formed of a polymerized phosphonate compound with a polymerizable functional unsaturated hydrocarbon group or allyl tetraisopropylphosphonodiamidite.
- 12. (Previously Presented) The lithium secondary battery according to claim 11, wherein the phosphonate compound with the unsaturated hydrocarbon group is at least one selected from the group consisting of diethyl vinyl phosphonate, dimethyl vinyl phosphonate, dipropyl vinyl phosphonate, allyl diethylphosphonoacetate $(C_2H_50)_2P(O)CH_2CO_2CH_2CH=CH_2)$, triethyl 3-methyl-4-phosphonocrotonate $(C_2H_50)_2P(O)CH_2C(CH_3)-CHCO_2C_2H_5)$, and allyl tetraisopropylphosphonodiamidite $([[CH_3)_2CH]_2N]_2POCH_2CH=CH_2)$.
 - 13. (Canceled)
 - 14. (Withdrawn) A method of manufacturing a lithium secondary battery, comprising:

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preparing a lithium secondary battery by injecting a non-aqueous electrolyte comprising a lithium salt, a non-aqueous organic solvent, a phosphonate compound with an unsaturated hydrocarbon group, and a polymerization initiator between positive and negative electrodes; and reacting the phosphonate compound with the unsaturated hydrocarbon group to prepare a linear polymer with P=O bonds.

- 15. (Withdrawn) The method according to claim 15, wherein the method further comprises heat-treating the manufactured lithium secondary battery.
- 16. (Withdrawn) The method according to claim 15, wherein the phosphonate compound with the unsaturated hydrocarbon group is at least one selected from the group consisting of diethyl vinyl phosphonate, dimethyl vinyl phosphonate, dipropyl vinyl phosphonate, ethylene glycol methacrylate phosphate (CH2=C(CH3)CO2CH2CH2OP(O)(OH)2), allyl diethylphosphonoacetate (C2H5O)2P(O)CH2CO2CH2CH=CH2), triethyl 3-methyl-4-phosphonocrotonate (C2H5O)2P(O)CH2C(CH3)=CHCO2C2H5), and allyl tetraisopropylphosphorodiamidite ([[CH3)2CH]2N]2POCH2CH=CH2).